

OUSTED POLE DUE AT PARTY PARLEY

Gomulka, Ex-Chief, Expected to Attend Session Today on Rioting at Poznan

By JOHN MacCORMAC

Special to The New York Times.

WARSAW, July 17—The Central Committee of the Polish United Workers (Communist) party is scheduled to meet tomorrow to consider the recent rioting in Poznan and its bloody suppression by the Government.

The meeting has been postponed from day to day in the hope of achieving some measure of agreement between the various factions in the party's hierarchy. The session is likely to be a stormy one.

It is virtually certain that among those invited to it will be Wladyslaw Gomulka, former secretary general of the party and later Vice Premier of Poland.

M. Gomulka was ousted from office in 1949 on charges of Titoist deviationism, and his party membership was suspended. He was released from detention last year and rehabilitated as far as charges of Titoism were concerned, although it was still insisted his policies had been in error.

If M. Gomulka is allowed to speak, it is believed likely that he will attempt to justify his course. As a "national Communist," he is at the other end of the scale from Edward Ochab, present boss of the Polish party, who is regarded as a 100 per cent Moscow man.

A review today by Prosecutor General Marian Rybicki of the inquiry into the Poznan rioting raised the number of dead from the thirty-eight previously announced to fifty-three. Of these, he said, one was a 13-year-old boy, and nine were soldiers or members of the security forces.

M. Rybicki placed the number of wounded at more than 300, including twenty-one soldiers, thirteen security policemen and five regular policemen.

323 Under Investigation

Of the many hundreds arrested after the riots, 323 still are under investigation, M. Rybicki said. These, he asserted, include sixty-four persons who used the disturbances for robbery, banditry, looting. The Prosecutor General added that, of the sixty-four, thirty-three were criminals who had escaped from the Poznan prison.

M. Rybicki declared that a distinction was being made between "workers influenced by dissatisfaction caused by nonfulfillment of their rather justified demands" and "reckless criminal and provocateur elements inspired by alien sources hostile to Poland."

He said that the name of the person who had fired the first shot had not been established. But, he declared, there is no doubt that it was fired by one of those who attacked the prison after disarming the prison guards and stealing their weapons.

Tomorrow's Central Committee session, it is said, will be the most important since the one at which M. Gomulka was ousted.

Besides the Poznan affair, the downgrading of Stalin touched off at the Twentieth Congress of the Soviet Communist party will be discussed. Another topic will be Poland's critical economic situation in connection with her new five-year plan.

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