

Closely Follow Chairman Mao's Latest Instructions, Realize the Revolutionary Great Alliance

IN his latest instructions, Chairman Mao says: "There is no fundamental clash of interests within the working class. Under the dictatorship of the proletariat, there is no reason whatsoever for the working class to split into two big irreconcilable organizations."

These instructions by Chairman Mao have quickly spread to all China. The response is immediate. In Peking, Shanghai and elsewhere, the working class, proletarian revolutionaries and Red Guards are reporting glad tidings of new successes in forging revolutionary great alliance to Chairman Mao and the Party's Central Committee. The revolutionary great alliance is surging forward like a mighty torrent.

The illuminating words of this new directive of Chairman Mao's speak for the wishes of the proletarian revolutionaries. Like a beacon light at sea, it points the way forward. This great directive provides a tremendous driving force for the revolutionary great alliance. The invincible thought of Mao Tse-tung is the great programme for revolutionary great alliance. Proletarian revolutionaries throughout the country are enthusiastically studying this directive and carrying it out. They say that to realize the revolutionary great alliance is an important part of Chairman Mao's great strategic plan. The fact that the great supreme commander issued this newest battle call shows his greatest concern for us. We shall do whatever Chairman Mao says. We are determined to become models in revolutionary mass criticism and revolutionary great alliance.

Shanghai in the Lead

News from the banks of the Whampoo River shows Shanghai the pace-setter for the whole country. The great alliance of Shanghai's proletarian revolutionaries was forged amidst the tempest of the "January Revolution" when they seized power from the city's handful of Party people in authority taking the capitalist road. The major revolutionary mass organizations of Shanghai which formed this great alliance had a common goal and were bound by close ties of militant friendship. This prevented a top-to-bottom split into two big organizations. But two opposing groups did exist and the great alliance failed to appear in some fields, industries, districts and grass-roots units. Although they agreed on the cardinal issue of fighting against China's Khrushchov and other capitalist roaders, they differed on many minor points and often fell to feuding.

When Chairman Mao's latest instructions reached Shanghai, proletarian revolutionaries there took immediate action. On September 13 came the good news

that workers of the Chapei District had formed a unified organization. Soon afterwards, the revolutionary great alliance took place in the major industries and among workers' revolutionary organizations in 10 different districts. Literary and art, publishing, scientific and technological circles followed. By September 18 and 19, 14 institutes of higher learning, including Jiaotong and Fudan Universities and the Shanghai University of Science and Technology had done so. Up to September 21, 273 secondary schools in the city had realized the great alliance. The revolutionary teachers and students of Shanghai are determined to concentrate their forces in successfully unfolding the revolutionary mass criticism and carrying out the tasks of struggle-criticism-transformation in their own schools.

High Tide in Peking

Red flags are fluttering in the streets of Peking and the sound of gongs and drums echoes to the skies. A new, militant atmosphere of unity prevails everywhere, from factories and mines to rural areas, from schools to shops. The high tide of revolutionary great alliance is sweeping all Peking. Proletarian revolutionaries on various fronts are heralding the 18th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China by resolutely acting on the latest instructions of Chairman Mao. On September 18, a mass rally by more than 10,000 workers and staff members of over 100 factories called on their revolutionary colleagues in the capital to study Chairman Mao's latest instructions and resolutely become pace-setters in revolutionary mass criticism and revolutionary great alliance.

In the four days from the 19th to the 22nd alone, a total of over 1,800 units on the fronts in industry and communication, finance and trade, and culture and education went to the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee to report the good news of their forming a great alliance. The revolutionary mass organizations under the Shoudu Iron and Steel Company have all united. The steel workers said: We workers follow Chairman Mao's teachings most closely. Always bearing in mind Chairman Mao's directive, we must forge a steel-like unity and thoroughly criticize and repudiate the handful of Party people in authority, headed by China's Khrushchov, taking the capitalist road, and completely eradicate the pernicious influence they spread. Coal miners of the Chinghsi Mining Bureau took speedy action and brought about a revolutionary great alliance. A celebration meeting was also held to mark the occasion.



Mass rally of workers in Shanghai's Jingan District celebrating their revolutionary great alliance

With deep feelings, some miners said: Chairman Mao's instructions have infinite power. The evil bourgeois reactionary line split us, but Chairman Mao's revolutionary line enables us to unite again like members of one family.

Up to September 21, 80 per cent of the units under Peking's machine building, instruments and meters, chemical industry, light industry and municipal construction departments had formed a great alliance. Of the 11 departments, including commerce, grain, and supply and marketing, on the capitals financial and trade front, the overwhelming majority have forged a great alliance.

Following the establishment of revolutionary committees in 16 colleges and universities, 14 others, including Tsinghua University, China People's University and China University of Science and Technology, have brought about a great alliance. Revolutionary great alliance in Peking's middle schools has also reached a new high.

Up to the evening of the 21st, a total of 266 middle schools formed a great alliance. The revolutionary teachers and staff of primary schools were not lagging behind. More than 700 primary schools in the city proper and on the outskirts have succeeded in forging

Alliance Under the Red Banner of Mao Tse-tung's Thought

A MASS meeting to celebrate the formation of their revolutionary great alliance was held on September 23 by close on 100,000 revolutionaries from the national defence scientific and technological research departments and the national defence industrial departments in Peking.

Comrades Chou En-lai, Kang Sheng, Li Fu-chun, Li Hsien-nien, Nieh Jung-chen, Hsieh Fu-chih, Yang Cheng-wu, Su Yu, Chang Chun-chiao and Yao Wen-yuan also attended the rally.

In his address, Vice-Premier of the State Council Nieh Jung-chen pointed out that the revolutionary masses of the departments concerned had formed their revolutionary great alliance in the midst of the high tide of revolutionary criticism and repudiation after studying the latest directive of our great leader Chairman Mao and following closely his great strategic plan. He described it as "a glorious victory for the latest directive of Chairman Mao, for the proletarian revolutionary line and for Mao Tse-tung's thought."

The revolutionary great alliance could be consolidated and developed, he said, only with the formation of an ideological great alliance. The revolutionaries must resolutely defend the interests of the whole, the interests of the proletariat, the interests of the great proletarian cultural revolution, be resolute revolutionaries armed with Mao Tse-tung's thought

and ensure that the great proletarian cultural revolution advance swiftly and triumphantly along the proletarian revolutionary path of Chairman Mao.

Su Yu, Member of the Standing Committee of the Military Commission of the Party's Central Committee and Vice-Minister of National Defence, delivering the opening speech, said that in the course of the great proletarian cultural revolution over the past year and more gigantic achievements had been scored by the revolutionary masses and revolutionary cadres of the departments in Peking engaged in national defence scientific and technological research and also those of the national defence industrial departments in Peking. Now, acting in accordance with Chairman Mao's teaching, he said, they had got together and formed a great alliance. He called on them to raise still higher the great red banner of Mao Tse-tung's thought, closely follow the great strategic plan of Chairman Mao, and raise an unprecedented high tide of revolutionary criticism and repudiation. They must seize firm hold of the revolution, energetically promote production, scientific research, war preparedness and all work, and turn the national defence scientific and technological research departments and the national defence industrial departments into a great, red school of Mao Tse-tung's thought.

Representatives of the revolutionary masses of the departments concerned also spoke at the meeting.

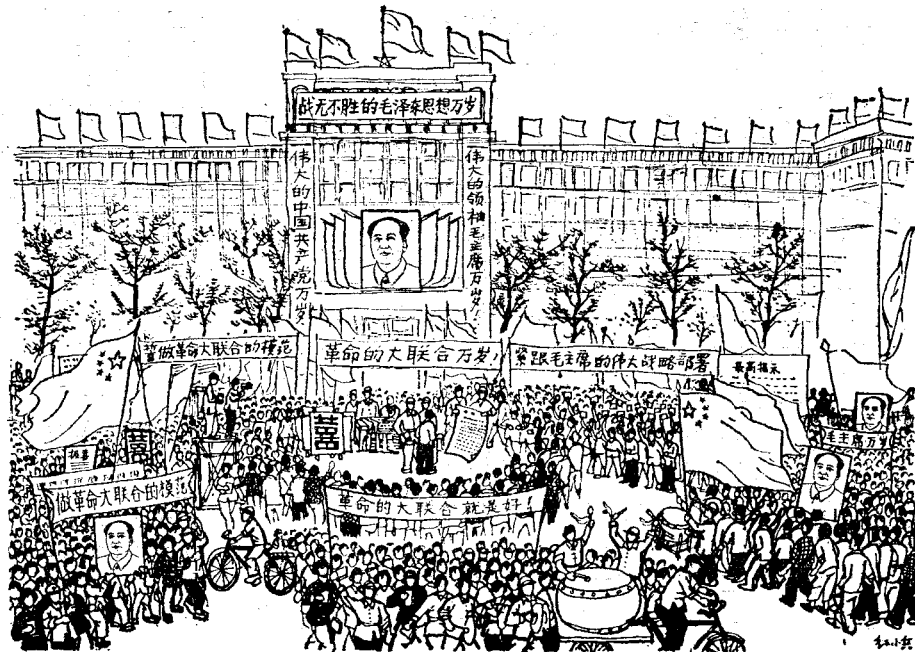
a great alliance before September 22.

Elsewhere in the Country

On September 21 and 22, over 800 factories and more than 150 schools in Tientsin formed a great alliance in accordance with Chairman Mao's instruction. Members of the two big organizations in the Tientsin Anti-Revisionism Chinlon Plant got together for a cordial exchange of views. They all expressed their determination to unite and fight shoulder to shoulder under the illumination of Mao Tse-tung's thought. As a result, the two groups rapidly united.

Chairman Mao's instruction was a great encouragement to the workers and staff of the Anshan Iron and Steel Company. Workers of the "Defend Mao Tse-tung's Thought" Fighting Headquarters declared: Chairman Mao's latest directive is an important task assigned to us and a powerful weapon to attack the enemy. Revolutionaries of the No. 2 Steel Plant lost no time in implementing the latest directive. They pledged to produce more high-grade steel for the country and make new contributions to the great proletarian cultural revolution.

Resolutely carrying through this latest instruction from Chairman Mao, the proletarian revolutionaries of Tsinan's factories and enterprises started a new upsurge of revolutionary great alliance in the spirit of seizing every minute. One hundred and fifty nine factories and enterprises brought about a great alliance in a matter of three days. On September 21, more than 3,000 proletarian revolutionaries and revolutionary workers and staff members held a rally to celebrate the new high



Bringing the glad tidings to Chairman Mao. The revolutionary masses report the forming of their great alliances to the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee

tide of revolutionary mass criticism and revolutionary great alliance.

A Great Historical Trend

In the past few days, newspapers in Peking and other cities have published editorials on the great alliance. "A Great Historical Trend," the *Renmin Ribao's* September 22 leader, said among other things: The revolutionary great alliance is an irresistible great historical trend. It deals a heavier blow at the handful of Party people in authority taking the capitalist road and pounds most fiercely at petty-bourgeois factionalism. This trend will mobilize the revolutionary masses in their hundreds of millions to form a huge army and will ensure the rapid advance of the great proletarian cultural revolution along the proletarian revolutionary line of Chairman Mao.