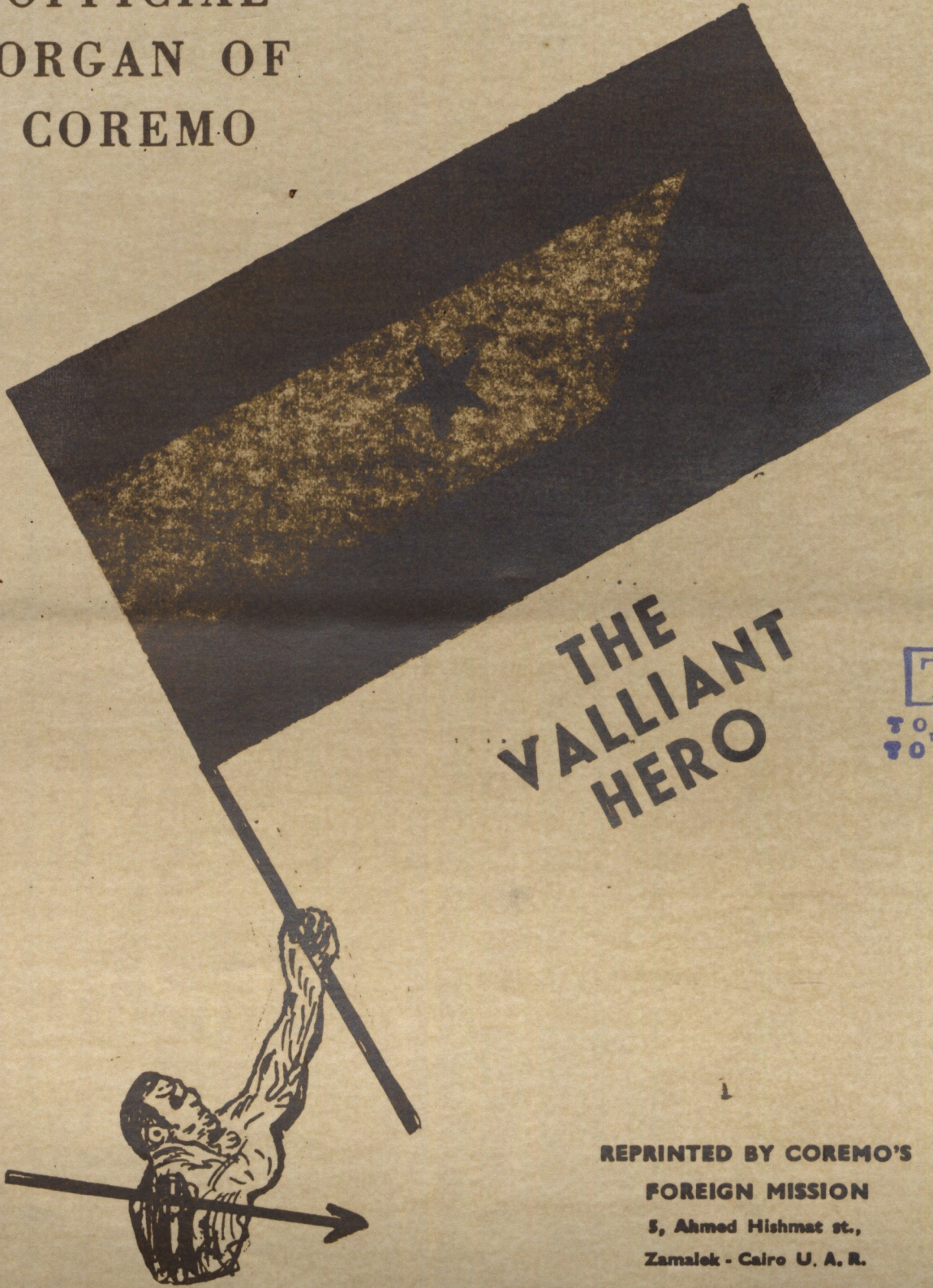


Part 1

OFFICIAL
ORGAN OF
COREMO



THE
VALLIANT
HERO



REPRINTED BY COREMO'S
FOREIGN MISSION
5, Ahmed Hishmat st.,
Zamalek - Cairo U. A. R.



PA 2

C O N T E N T S :-

	PAGE
EDITORIAL.....	5
THE OFFER BY PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT KAUNDA TO DRAW POWER FROM CABORA BASSA, IS A BLUFF.....	3
MONDLANE IN NAIROBI DIALOGUE BY THE NATIONALIST NOVEMBER 23, 1968,.....	4
PRESIDENT KAUNDA MAKES STATEMENT ON PORTUGUESE AGGRESSION.....	5
CMRADE BOBO FALLS HEROICALLY IN BATTLE FRONT	7
NEWS FROM THE BATTLE FRONT.....	8
THE PORTUGUESE PRIME MINISTER DICTATOR NOT WELCOMED IN MOZAMBIQUE...	9



-----OOOOOOOOOOOO-----

Part 3

EDITORIAL

THE END OF DR. SALAZAR EMPIRE
AND HIS SO-CALLED DIVINE RULE.

After many days of prayers for the recovery of dictator Salazar who is still in partial coma after suffering a cerebral haemorrhage on 16th September, 1968, the President of Portugal AMERCO TOMAS decided against the will of the Portuguese people and nominated yet another notorious man, DR. MARCELO CAETANO, as Prime Minister of Portugal in succession to the 79 year-old dictator who has ruled Portugal and ~~salazar's~~ her colonies with an iron hand for thirty six (36) successive years.

During Salazar's regime, the people of Portugal and the colonies witnessed many destructive changes imposed on them by this diehard imperialist monster.

In spite of the so-called miracle performed by this brilliant economist from 1926 to 1932 when he was called into the ministry of Finance to work out a formula which could save Portugal from her stragging economy and devaluation of the escudo. But he, like all other wellknown dictators, used this opportunity to build himself up among the backward and corrupted ruling clique of that time. And when he was appointed as Prime Minister in 1932, the first thing he did was to capitalize on the Portuguese people's ignorance and plunged Portugal a hundred(100) years back in her history and economy, unlike other colonial powers which, in spite of international tensions of the 1930's up to the end of WORLD WAR II, worked for the development of their countries while bearing in mind that one day the people of the colonies would decide their own future. But for us in Mozambique and other Portuguese colonies, it was during Salazar's reign that we experienced yet another kind of slavery under the disguise of so-called civilising mission to make things worse, Salazar with his henchman created one Party state. All members of the opposition were arrested and kept in gaol without trial; educational and religious institutes were brought under Government control; Trade Union rights for Africans were revoked and finally the black mist descended upon all the Portuguese colonial people when in 1951, by a stroke of the pen of the NEW STATE LEGISLATURE, our countries "ceased to be colonies" and became Overseas Province.



TORRE
D.O.
ZOMBO

.....ANOTHER step was taken toward the integration of so-called Portuguese Africa into the Lusitania Community. Angola and Mozambique &&& were at last to be accepted as the most prosperous members of the family. The last was used by the dictator as a means of evading the UNITED NATIONS CHARTER on self-determination. It is on these grounds that the African people of Mozambique will neither forget nor forgive the 36 years of the cruel and terrorist rule of dictator Salazar.

As for Dr. MARCELO CAELANO, the new Prime Minister of Portugal, is well known to the suffering peoples of Mozambique, that, this great apostle and follower of Salazar's doctrine, will continue with Salazar's philosophy of dictatorship and oppression of the African masses in the colonies. While he was a colonial Minister in Salazar's government, Marcelo Caetano openly declared that the blacks in Angola and Mozambique have to be directed and indoctrined by europeans..... The Africans have not learned how to develop the territories they have inhabited for thousands of years he continued, and said that Africans in the so-called Overseas Province of Portugal were obliged to undertake forced manual labour as civilising force in a primitive world inhabited by lazy children.



Because of all this, the African people of Mozambique under the direction of COELHO, are quite aware and fully prepared for the dark days lying ahead in our revolution for the total liberation of our Motherland, Guided by the spirit of self-determination and love for freedom, the enslaved people of Mozambique will bring CAETANO and his henchman into line with other former colonial powers.

(3)

M O N D L A N E
I N N A I R O B I
D I A L O G U E.

1A45

By the Nationalist, Saturday November 23, 1968.

TANZANIA- EAST AFRICA.

Nationalist Staff Reporter.

SPECIALLY chosen group of American currently attending a so-called American-African dialogue here had, on Wednesday night, the dubious privilege of being briefed on the progress of the anti-imperialist war of liberation in Mozambique by no one else but the "people's choice" himself Dr. Eduardo Mondlane. The occasion was at a private dinner somewhere in Nairobi.

Dr. Mondlane flew into Nairobi unannounced and his whereabouts have remained a mystery. Attempts to contact him today were to no avail.

The intellectual "leader" of Mozambique came to Nairobi to supposedly renew "revolutionary" contacts with U.S. citizens. He lived in the U.S. for many years and is married to a white American woman who runs the Mozambique institute at Kurasin Dar es Salaam, built with funds mainly from the United States for "preparing the revolutionary cadres of Mozambique."



Dr. Mondlane has on several occasions accused U.S. imperialism of supporting Portugal and has categorically stated that without the massive supply of U.S. military hardware to Portugal, the war of liberation in Mozambique would have been concluded victoriously a long time ago because Portugal itself is "primitive".

His mysterious visit to Nairobi has raised many questions within progressive ranks here in so far as the "African-American" dialogue has become a secret meeting being conducted behind close doors and the fact that Dr. Mondlane addressed only a specially select group of American citizens among whom were personalities believed to have great contacts with the U.S. State Department.

Fears have been expressed inside and outside Frelimo a long time ago about C.I.A. infiltration in the movement and the movement has to date registered two fierce fights of rival faction-resulting in the death of a combatant.

THE OFFER BY THE PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT
KAUNDA TO DRAW POWER FROM CABORA BASSA, IS A BLUFF.

The objective of Salazar's fascist regime in offering Zambia a share in hydro-electric power from Cabora Bassa, is ~~as~~ regarded by COREMO as a political manoeuvre intended to neutralise President Kaunda in his determination to see the rest of Africa free. The offer carries with it political attachments and is not genuine in its essence.

It is well known fact that the Portuguese fascists have invited many Tenders from foreign imperialist Consortiums to participate in construction of the biggest hydroelectric dam ever built in Africa, in Tete Province.

The Province of Tete has an area of 62,608 square miles and a population of approximately 500,000 inhabitants. The province is one of the richest in Mozambique, mainly in minerals. There are a lot of cattle, and the agriculture is well developed. It is the intention of the Portuguese to build the above mentioned dam to boost agriculture and mineral exploitation.

The hydro-electric Scheme has something to do with Portugal's determination to maintain by force of arms, its grip in Mozambique. Furthermore, the despatch of settlers from Portugal to come and settle along the Zambezi River will be speeded up; the reason being to use them as a defending force to this project against the advancing liberation forces. For South Africa, there are two important aims for its participation in the project:-

- 1):- She wants the hydro-electric power to supply her ever its expanding industry.
- 2):- Above all, she wants to use it as a buffer against ever pressing liberation forces of South Africa.

The Portuguese Government have heard the words of President Kaunda of Zambia when he says:- "The independence of Zambia is meaningless unless the whole of Africa is free". The Portuguese saw fit dare to invite the Zambian Government to draw power from Cabora Bassa electric scheme. It is undeniable fact that they believe with participation of President Kaunda, the project will get mercy from the freedom fighters engaged with the Portuguese forces. "COREMO is prepared not to let the imperialists get away so easily with it and we are going to give those responsible for its construction a hard run".

T
YOUTH
LION

THE OFFER BY THE PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT TO PRESIDENT KAUNDA TO DRAW POWER FROM CABORA BASSA, IS A BLUFF.

The objective of Salazar's fascist regime in offering Zambia a share in hydro-electric power from Cabora Bassa, is ~~regarded~~ regarded by COREMO as a political manoeuvre intended to neutralise President Kaunda in his determination to see the rest of Africa free. The offer carries with it political attachments and is not genuine in its essence.

It is well known fact that the Portuguese fascists have invited many Tenders from foreign imperialist Consortiums to participate in construction of the biggest hydroelectric dam ever built in Africa, in Tete Province.

The Province of Tete has an area of 62,608 square miles and a population of approximately 500,000 inhabitants. The province is one of the richest in Mozambique, mainly in minerals. There are a lot of cattle, and the agriculture is well developed. It is the intention of the Portuguese to build the above mentioned dam to boost agriculture and mineral exploitation.

The hydro-electric Shemo has something to do with Portugal's determination to maintain by force of arms, its grip in Mozambique. Furthermore, the despatch of settlers from Portugal to come and settle along the Zambezi River will be speeded up; the reason being to use them as a defending force to this project against the advancing liberation forces. For South Africa, there are two important aims for its participation in the project:-

- 1):- She wants the hydro-electric power to supply her ever its expanding industry.
- 2):- Above all, she wants to use it as a buffer against ever pressing liberation forces of South Africa.



The Portuguese Government have heard the words of President Kaunda of Zambia when he says:- "The independence of Zambia is meaningless unless the whole of Africa is free". The Portuguese saw fit dare to invite the Zambian Government to draw power from Cabora Bassa electric scheme. It is undeniable fact that they believe with participation of President Kaunda, the project will get mercy from the freedom fighters engaged with the Portuguese forces. "COREMO is prepared not to let the imperialists get away so easily with it and we are going to give those responsible for its construction a hard run".

COREMO is very pleased with the reply President Kaunda has given to the Portuguese Government, i.e. making preparation to start with a project of a power station on the Zambian side of the Zambezi which will eliminate the rebel's control over the supply of electricity from Kariba Northwards. It would be absurd for Zambia to withdraw its dependence from Rhodesia side of Kariba electric to join yet another inhuman colonial power in collaboration with South African apartheid regime.

... the irreversible march for freedom and ...
... armed struggle in Southern Africa, the "Unholy Alliance of Salazar, Smith and Botha" seek Zambia friendship! The South African Minister of Defence, Mr. Botha invited Dr. Kaunda to seek friendship with his racist regime, and in Lisbon, on 24th July, 1968, the Portuguese foreign Minister Dr. Alberto Franco Nogueira, said in a statement that Zambia's proposal to set up a costly missiles system to defend herself against alleged Portuguese Attacks was perfectly useless because Zambia is not threatened".

He said:- "There has never been any intention on the part of the Portuguese forces to violate Zambian territory or attack Zambia".

To unmask this blatant lies by the Portuguese foreign Minister, we are publishing the statement by President Kaunda on Portuguese aggression against Zambia. This was made at State House Press conference held on the 11th April, 1968.

Cont, from page (3)

" The leader of ---- Front de Libertação de Moçambique (FRELIMO), is Dr. Eduardo Mondlane, a member of the Cambang tribe - generally pro-Portuguese - who was educated at the University of the Witwatersrand in South Africa before going to Lisbon and the United States where he married an American white woman - FRELIMO has been plagued by ineffectual leadership and rivalries the quarrels are aggravated by tribal jealousies ---- and by the fact that many of the top organisers of the campaign, including Mondlane's wife are not from Mozambique - Mondlane who gives orders by remote control is unpopular with other leaders and is receiving increasing opposition from his chief aids ---- "

From " Southern Africa "

September 2, 1968.

T
TORRE
TOMBO

PRESIDENT KAUNDA MAKES STATEMENT ON PORTUGUESE
AGGRESSION.



The following is President Kaunda's statement on the recent attack on Zambia by the Portuguese air force in Angola made at a State House Press conference held on Thursday April, 11th 1968:-

You already have had report on the recent raid carried out by the Portuguese air force planes on Zambia villages in the Kalabo District of the Basotse Province. Although I do not have details as yet I would like to give you what is available so far on this most unfortunate act of aggression by the Portuguese Government. We naturally feel very strongly about this. You will recall that at SAMFYA the masses of our people joined me in observing a minute of silence mourning our dead. It is difficult at the moment to see how Zambia can leave these deaths unavenged.

2):- The first incident in the latest acts of Portuguese aggression occurred on Wednesday, the 20th of March at about 11,30 a.m. when a jet bomber was seen by our people near the border entering Zambia from Angola at the village called Mukwakwa in Chief Mwananawa's area. This aircraft flew some distance into the Zambian territory. In a matter of minutes the plane flew back over the same village, bombed a canoe near the village and raced back into Angola. As the residents had deserted the village nobody was injured.

3):- The second attack was more planned and more co-ordinated. On Friday, the 22nd of March, presumably using the lessons of the first attack on the 20th March, a helicopter was seen by the Zambian residents in the area of Chief Lioka and Mukwamandi overflying the Zambian territory from Angola at a fairly long range. After what was clearly a reconnaissance mission the helicopter flew back into Angola.

4):- Later this same helicopter was again seen flying from the same direction in Angola into Zambia, this time followed by two (2) jet bombers which carried out a bombing attack on Maingo, Libatoki and Kashewelega village in Chief Lioka's area and Mulonda village in Chief Mukwamandi's area. In the bombing attack reports now show that seven and not six people were killed.

Of these, three were Zambian two of whom were children of six and four years.

Four of the seven were refugees from Angola.

5):- Twenty people suffered injuries of various degrees of seriousness from flying bomb splinters. Of these, eighteen had been admitted at the nearest Uka Hospital. We now know that all of them except two have been released.

6):- During the raid on Zambian villages carried out on the 22nd of March not less than 11 bombs were dropped on targets which were mostly houses and groups of people. In one case, for example, at the Kashewelega village the bombing was directed at a group of people who were attending a funeral. This is where four people died.

7):- These bombs as you have already been informed were high explosive incendiary and anti-personnel type weighing 50lbs. and not 25lbs. as earlier reported. From the information available it is clear that the Portuguese jet bombers fitted the type capable of carrying up to eight bombs fitted in banks of four under each wing. We also know for certain that the bombs which were used are of the type fitted with a nose impact fuse made in such a way as to explode on touching the ground.



8):- Further investigations are continuing into the origin of the bombs. However, bomb fragments which were picked from the areas of the demolished houses and other areas of attack indicate that the origin is once again NATO. A thorough search is being conducted for more fragments in order to establish more definitely the supplier of these bombs among the NATO countries.

9):- The bombing of Zambian village in the Kalabo District is the second most serious act unprovoked and premeditated naked aggression by Portugal against Zambia. In 1966, it will be recalled Portuguese soldiers crossed the Zambia/Angola border and attacked Zambian villages in the in the Chavuma area, in the North Western Province with rockets from mortars.

10):- Rocket shells which were picked at the time were indentified as being British and American manufacture- both members of NATO. This time Portugal has employed fighter bombers to attack, once again, innocent Zambian on the border.

II):- The crimes committed by the Portuguese will one day be avenged. They will be avenged by the failure of these forces of evil and by the success of the forces of liberation. Angola will surely one day be free. At the moment the Portuguese administration is facing internal problems. The five million people in Angola want freedom and nothing more.

I2):- Nothing will stop them; nothing will ever quench their thirst for that freedom which is God given. They were born in Angola not in Portugal, and in Angola they must die. Their ~~h&a~~ honour, their future and whole life rest in that country. It is their pride. NO Physical force will stop them from demanding that which is justifiably their.



-----0000-----
COMRADE BOBO FALLS HEROICALLY
IN THE BATTLE FRONT.-

On February 29th 1968, a dark cloud fell over the Mozambique revolutionary struggle lead by COREMO. One of the leading figures of our struggle comrade MAZUNZO MILLION BOBO, laid down his life in a fierce battle against the Portuguese fascist troops.

Comrade BOBO was born on March 24th 1943, joined the struggle in 1962 when he came to Dar-es-Salaam to join the ~~M~~ MOZAMBIQUE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC UNION (UDENAMO). He served as UDENAM 's Chief Representative in Accra-Chana. When the Parties came together to form COREMO in 1965 he became a member of the Central Committee, holding in turn the posts of Secretary of Education, Secretary for External Affairs and lastly, secretary for Education. He represented the Party in many international conferences. On 29th February, 1968, comrade BOBO commanded COREMO's fighters in an attack against the enemy at Chale Ngona Camp in the area of Vila Gamito, a Portuguese administrative Post near Malawian border. During the attack enemy fire caught comrade BOBO and he fell. With his death, came the end of his physical contribution to the struggle. His courage will remain as a guiding force among us, and as we are left behind shall not let him down.

464
PAA

The struggle for which his life shall be followed and we will make greater efforts and march forward along the path stained by the blood of comrade BOBO and the other martyrs who have heroically laid down their lives for the people and the revolution. Chairman Mao has said: "Wherever there is struggle, there is sacrifice; death is a common occurrence and if we die for the people it is worthy death".

---e-----0000000-----



NEWS FROM THE BATTLE FRONT

From Mozambique encouraging news has come to our office of information and publicity in Lusaka that the Salazar puppet troops are being eliminated in all torn zones in the districts of TETE and MANICA E SOPALA. Freedom fighters led by COREMO are encouraged more than before, by scores of victories they are inflicting on the enemy. As you have read from Page 9 on comrade BOBO's death two successive battles were conducted by comrade BOBO in the Furancungo area. The first operation against the enemy took place at Kavaza village near Malawi border on the 26th February, 1968. In this operation 13(thirteen) enemy soldiers were wiped out and many wounded, The second action was on the 29th February, 1968 at Chalo Ngone Camp where 5 (five) enemy soldiers were killed and their platoon commander seriously wounded. It was in this battle comrade BOBO and 2(two) others sacrificed their lives. On May 29th 1968, our forces were engaged by enemy troops at Chisson village in the area of Vila Gamito, 2 (two) enemy soldiers were killed and others wounded. On June 5th 1968, an ambush took place against Portuguese troops in Chief Domingos area and 2 (two) military troop carriers were blown up by land mines and 9 soldiers were eliminated on the spot. On June 28th 1968, our fighters made a surprise attack on enemy camp in ~~Sanca Manica e Sofala~~ district and 11 enemy soldiers were killed 4 enemy camps were burned down, 3 Bedford lorries totally destroyed and quantity of arms and ammunition captured. On July, 17th 1968, in the Ngone area 6 enemy soldiers were killed and many wounded. And on 25th August, 1968, 5 enemy soldiers were killed in Vila Gamito.

Communication equipment in many parts of TETE and MANICA E SOFALA have been put out of action or completely destroyed. Due to these victorious achievements by our gallant freedom fighters against the forces of evil and enemies of freedom and independence, the Portuguese puppet troops are once more intensifying war of genocide against innocent and defenceless Africans in Mozambique.

-----0000000-----

THE PORTUGUESE PRIME MINISTER
DICTATOR NOT WELCOMED IN MOZAMBIQUE.



It is rumoured that the new Portuguese Prime Minister will tour the colonies in the near future at the invitation of Portuguese settlers.

In the history of colonialism, all imperialist powers possessing colonies, have been guided by the settlers residing therein. These are the people who see to it that the exploiting machine is geared accordingly and penetrates in every corner of the so-called colony, so, trampling the poor African under foot and exploiting economically and socially. Their physical presence sees to it that their definition that "the African is like "Monkey" unfit for a just distribution of the wealth of his motherland, is well understood far beyond the borders of the colony.

The invitation to Dr. Marcelo Caetano to Africa is a gesture of confidence in him, for the settlers know that he will follow the footsteps of Salazar. The settlers require him to put seal in person and, through his presence, identify his image with the exploiting machine. Unlike Salazar who implanted his seal by the stroke of a pen from Portugal and never set foot in the colonies, Dr. Marcelo Caetano wants the presence of his power to be felt in person.

This is not all. News also come that the South African and Rhodesian fascist regimes may extend an invitation to Dr. Marcelo Caetano to call on settlers in those countries. It will be the interests of the "OS VELHOS COLONOS" (Old settlers) in Mozambique, Angola and so-called Portuguese Guinea to be assured by the new President-in-Counsel of an uninterrupted acceleration of exploitation of the Africans, in Portuguese's African territories and in South Africa and Rhodesia.

(II)

In South Africa, economic ties likely to dominate the discussions and will be further strengthened, Dr. Marcelo Caetano will call for stronger and more naked fusion of Portuguese and South African forces in order to oppose the big tide revolutionary struggle for liberation, which threatens the fascist regimes of Portugal, Rhodesia and South Africa.

Sure enough, Dr. Marcelo Caetano will not look like a stranger in South Africa and Rhodesia where he shares the same ideals with Voster and Smith on the extermination of Africans in the land of their birth.

PATRIA OU MORTE!!!

