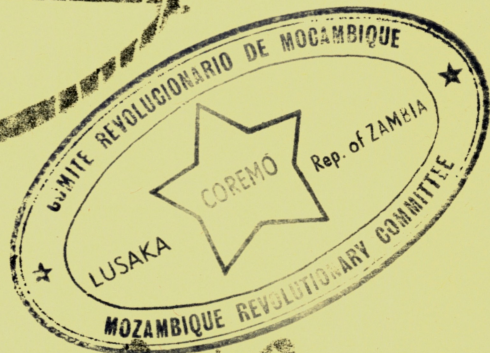
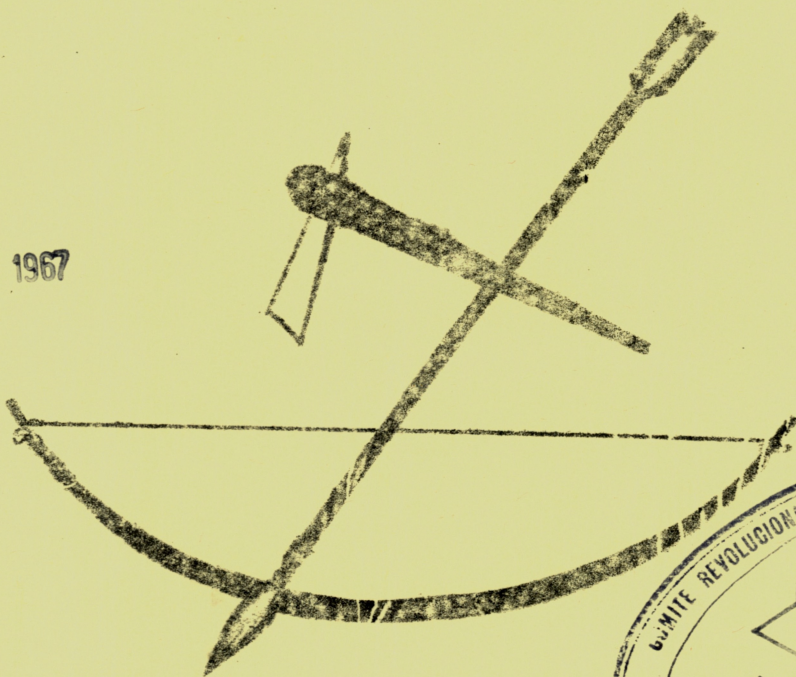


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~ Coremo ~

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CONTENTS

PAGE

| | |
|---|----|
| <u>EDITORIAL</u> | |
| SHALL THE O.U.A. AND ITS ORGANS SURVIVE...? | 1 |
| THE STRUGGLE IN MOZAMBIQUE..... | 4 |
| THE TALKS BETWEEN WILSON AND SMITH ON (RHODESIA) ZIMBABWE..... | 6 |
| BUILD YOUR PERSONALITY FROM TANGIBLE FACTS IF YOU WISH TO DO SO..... | 9 |
| PORTUGUESE SUFFER MORE DEFEATS IN MANY PAR- TS OF MOZAMBIQUE..... | 10 |
| THE STAND OF THE GOVERNMENT OF CONGO KINSHASA TOWARDS PORTUGAL..... | 11 |

EDITORIAL
SHALL THE C.A.U. AND ITS ORGANS SURVIVE ?

Few years back when Dr. Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana advocated the formation of the United States of Africa, known today as the Organisation for African Unity (C.A.U.) it looked like a pipe dream and dismissed as unthinkable by some Africans and imperialists. And here we must state that some theoreticians had not grasped the idea of how much value a Union Government of Africa was likely to bring to the African Economy as well as politically. But since the imperialists had already seen the impact such a Union Government would bring to the Continent of Africa and undoubtedly disrupting their monopoly, and ultimately devoicing them from maintaining their grip on the African economy.

Constantly enough, the voice of the father of the C.A.U. never died, here and there; voices of support were beginning to emerge and even advocating the framing up of a constitution and economic sector of this unprecedented body for African salvation and personality.

Appeal after appeal by some far sighted African Heads of States the C.A.U. worked up its way to its birth when the first C.A.U. Summit Meeting was inaugurated in Addis Ababa in the year of 1963. Though in face of some African critics and imperialists who unceasingly sounded their trumpets of disapproval; putting forward these arguments to illustrate their focal points: the African are not yet matured to be able to form a Union Government. Most of the African Heads of States who opposed the formation of the Union Government were mostly from the former French speaking colonies who first gave their allegiance to the Monrovia Group. (There was another group called CASABLANCA, and this group channelled all its efforts to bring about a Union Government). This was proved by the statement of the President of Tanzania Mwalimu Julius Nyerere on his return from the Summit Conference in Addis Ababa when he said: "British and French had more power in the C.A.U. than all the African States put together. He further said some of African Heads of States were given letters of credentials by some imperialist powers. And if that is so, where does their sovereignty lie?"

In reality, the impact of the birth of the C.A.U. was a tremendous force that shook up the imperialism to its foundations. To substantiate this, one will recall the emphasis which the European Common Market was given by its architects to recruit some of African States to join the club. This was a prelude to weaken the most feared unified African Economy by the Continental Government. Further more, the strength of this organisation was demonstrated by the formation of its Secretariat, African Liberation Committee and other economic bodies.

The two first Summit meetings held in Addis Ababa and Cairo, showed a high speed progress towards its goal; Africa's unification. But when it was announced that the third Summit Conference was to be held in Accra Ghana, the clouds of its destruction gathered around and the weakened imperialists, the enemies of African Unity set their propaganda machinery ^{in motion} to distort and weaken the moral of the C.A.U. Once again, most of former French colonies announced their non-participation to the Conference, alleging that Dr. Kwame Nkrumah, then President of Ghana; had harboured some hooligans whose aims were to overthrow the legal regimes in their respective countries in which the Secretariat of the C.A.U. had to send some emissaries or mediators to persuade the dissidents to change their mind and participate in the conference.

Lately, the danger of the C.A.U. extinguishment, came nearer at the peak of the last touches of the fourth Summit Conference in Addis Ababa, when the Guinean delegation, led by the Foreign Minister was arrested by the Ankrab regime. This imperialist oriented regime of Ankrab, did not only arrested the Guinean Delegation, but also arrested the Mali Delegation when on its way to Dar es Salaam to attend the AATUF Conference.

Coreno appeals to all the African Heads of State who wish to see the remaining parts of Africa free to treat Ankrab in the same way they treated Tshombe. Undoubtedly, the actions taken by Ankrab, on Guinea and Mali delegations were aimed to wreck the C.A.U. At one time, after his taking over the government, he said in his statement that the Secretary General of the C.A.U. should relinquish his post. This, could not give anything to the revolutionary people of Africa but to the imperialists.

We think that ^{the} danger which surrounds the C.A.U. lies within its members who not only fear to relinquish their powers to the Central Government, but also they are dead set to their neo-colonialist leanings. There is a belief that their individualism must come first and then that of the people they represent and Africa. They believe in foreign advisers than their own brothers. How can your enemy advise you on how to eject him from your own house he occupies illegally?

Surely if the C.A.U. comes finally to its destruction, some African heads of State will have to blame for their lack of faith in their motherland, and they will be accused of redlining the wheels of history to the different directions as to reap the fruits for their own personal ends.

THE STRUGGLE IN MOZAMBIQUE

Page 4

The increasing armed struggle waged by the people of Mozambique under the direction of the Mozambique Revolutionary Committee (COREMO) against the fascist regime of the dictator Salazar has compelled Portugal to revise her tactics to meet the fast growing war in Mozambique. Just recently, she threatened to quit NATO Organisation unless there were some changes in its administration. Portugal has increased her military budget to suit her suppressive policy to the people of Mozambique who are fighting for nothing but their God given land, which they know by right and nature belongs to them. We have made this point very clear to Salazar that with or without suppression, we shall fight his regime in Mozambique to the end.

Since the 22nd October, 1965, that Coremo started the armed struggle in Mozambique, have inflicted very heavy casualties and losses on the portuguese armed forces, and we shall continue with this sacred move which no earthly factor can stop. The Portuguese Government is aware of this point. For since we started, they went all out with their arms to torture and kill the common people in the villages. They even went to an extent of using poisonous gas with the aim of terrorising our people. But all these acts by the barbaric regime of Salazar gave a contrary results to his thoughts.

In the phase of this, our people became more and more solid in their determination to liberate themselves. Our people under the direction of the militant Coremo shall never rest, and are day by day getting more determined to smash and eradicate Salazar's regime in Mozambique and establish a legal majority Government, the Government which will look into their affairs with a keen interest to help and wishes to see the progress of all races in Mozambique.

It is obvious to our people that independence cannot come by itself, but the people have to fight for it, just as other Africans did, where a large number of people lost their lives as a price for their independence.

The example set by other African States serves as a guidance to our people. During the war of liberation in Algeria, imperialists and their lackeys used to say many things to deceive the African people, and all these theories can no longer be used to our people. Thus our people are aware now of all imperialist intrigues. No one should consider us to be blood thirsty by waging a war against Portugal. We consider the presence of portuguese administration in Mozambique as a threat to peace, and as such we being peace loving Nation, we want to see Portugal out of our Country. And there can be no peace as long as some parts of Africa are still harbouring imperialist forces. We did not want war, but because Portugal could not listen to our plea on handing over the Government of our Country to us, we had no option, but to take the next solution which is expensive to both sides.

Coremo has so far been able to have the war fought on three fronts. The first is in the Tete District, the second in the Beira District, the third is in Quelimane District, and in all these fronts, the war is getting bigger and bigger despite the mass torturing and killing of our people by the portuguese forces, we are heroically fighting against this barbaric regime. As a result of our continuous fight, some officers in the ranks of the Portuguese Government are getting demoralised. The resignation of the Governor of the Manica e Sofala Province is an unquestionable fact of dissatisfaction within the barbaric Government of Salazar which is daily losing war in all her colonies.

It should be from these facts that Salazar should base his arguments of whether he has the support of his closest man. Further more this dissatisfaction in the Government of Salazar can be seen in Lisbon the Capital of Portugal, where 3,600 men who under the cover of wage increment and better working conditions went on strike this year, during which the dictator Salazar employed his thugs to suppress the workers who had asked for better standard of living together with their families, and a better government which could look into the affairs of their people with sympathy. Coremo appeals to the workers in Portugal to continue struggling for their rights. So as there is a start there will also be an end to all the problems you are facing.

THE TALKS BETWEEN WILSON AND SMITH ON (RHODESIA)
ZIMBABWE

The determination of the people of Zimbabwe to gain their legitimate freedom and independence, is gradually exposing the collusion of Wilson and Smith as being unprecedented chicanery in the history of Nations and a clear sell out of 4,000,000 people of Zimbabwe.

Talks after talks which took place on the land and lately in the sea. But the outcome has always been the same. As such, the world was left with no choice but outright condemnation of this stinking manoeuvres of these two arch enemies of African emancipation.

On earth, never a venue changed anything, being so we see no reason why Wilson and Smith went into the sea to plan the killing of 4,000,000 African people of Zimbabwe.

Wilson should not think that killing will subjugate the people of Zimbabwe to Smith's regime or to the British Government. We exactly know that the talks held in the tiger ship in the Mediteranian sea between Wilson and Smith will not benefit the majority African people of Zimbabwe and Africa as whole, but only to benefit a handful white settlers in Zimbabwe.

The fact that Wilson has never thought of inviting an African of Zimbabwe for any of the talks which have been held by the two architects of racial supremacy, is a clear indication that the racist Wilson wants to sell them out. The plan of time for independence which some sixty members of the labour party, have signed as a motion should not come in now, we do not think that there is justice for one to set up a time for the 4,000,000 people of Zimbabwe without their representation. This criminal act is aimed at giving time to send arms to Smith to strengthen the army of the rebel regime to suppress the African people who struggle for nothing less than their national liberation. And this sinful plan which is still seculating in the mind of Wilson, shall never be accepted by the revolutionary people of Zimbabwe; even if it means the killing of half of the population if not whole as the British Prime Minister has chosen for the sake of the white minority settlers.

Coremo has carefully followed the talks between Wilson and Smith, and considers the outcome of this talks to be more than treason committed jointly by the two arch racists which Wilson being the ring-leader shall very soon realise.

Our brothers in Zimbabwe have tried all what they could to persuade the British Government to solve the case of independence of Zimbabwe before the rebel Smith declared U.D.I. but all has been impossible because of the commitments Wilson and the British investors have in Zimbabwe.

Today Wilson talks of mandatory sanctions, this will not work as envisaged by the British Government for, as His Excellency the President of the Republic of Zambia has pointed out on his return from his successful tour at Lusaka airport when he said; nothing short of use of force will topple Smith's rebel regime and that unless oil is included in the so-called sanctions, Zambia will not be part of such action. And this has been emphasised by the Security Council at the U.N. And if all mankind was sincere to this problem, could never have agreed that sanctions can bring down the Smith rebel regime.

Nevertheless, Wilson's negligence to solve the issue for independence of Zimbabwe should not be taken as a defeat to their cause. The revolutionary people of Zimbabwe shall continue to wage the armed struggle so as to gain their National Independence.

PORTUGUESE AGGRESSION IN AFRICA

The presence of the Portuguese administration remains a very big threat in Africa and all peace loving Nations of the world.

Looking into the activities of this notorious regime, we are left with no doubt that this country is being used as a spring board to attack Africa by all the big imperialist powers who want nothing in Africa, but the blood of Africans and those who do not agree with their man-slaughter policy.

In 1963 when the Portuguese Administration in the so-called Portuguese Guinea continued to suffer heavy defeats in their continuation with the Nationalist forces, Portuguese planes bombed villages in Senegal. In July this year the Portuguese forces bombed some Zambian villages on the borders with Angola. Portuguese repeated this wanton destruction of life and property in November. In the same month Portuguese troops were again reported to have crossed into Malawi where they killed six men. Lastly the Portuguese troops crossed into the Republic of Tanzania and planted some mines which killed 4 people and injured 5 others. Considering the size of Portugal, her population, natural resources and her economical position, we are left with no doubt that this country cannot by herself afford the war for one hour with the countries she has provoked in Africa.

Coremo on behalf of the 8½ million Mozambicans, shares the sorrows with the people and Governments of Senegal, Zambia, Malawi and Tanzania and with the families of the victims.

Having made such conclusion with good evidence, we are directed to NATO group which is the major supplier of war material to Portugal. This group has been warned of the danger that exists as a result of its material supply to Portugal. This includes some other international organisations which have interest in Africa. Thus convincing themselves in their erroneous ideas that they can perpetuate their stay and exploitation by using mass killing tactics.

These imperialists whose support to Portugal is using in her war of aggression in Africa, are the same ones who work relentlessly to disrupt the C.A.U. for no other reason than the perpetual exploitation of the African people.

The bombing of the neighbouring countries by Portuguese forces is aimed at intimidating the African States who by words and deeds have shown that they wholeheartedly support the just armed struggle waged by the indigenous people in Portugal's overseas colonies.

Coremo appeals to the Governments and the peoples of Africa to be on guard of such types of aggression, and to stand firm on championing the cause of African Unity which history has proved to be correct. We shall not be considered to be too optimistic if we say that the problems which Africa is facing are temporary and will disappear if only we stand firm and continue with the sacred task to liberate Mother Africa.

BUILD YOUR PERSONALITY FROM TANGIBLE
FACTS IF YOU WISH TO DO SO.

The struggle for the liberation of Africa should be based on the results of its effectiveness, reality and facts.

Some freedom fighters have now gone to the extent of believing more on their own false propaganda as a unique weapon to free their countries than the proper reality of the struggle. They sit behind their desks and read books of great revolutionaries and begin to create non-existence images in their minds and turn them into reality.

In the Mozambique struggle we have witnessed declarations after declarations being made, announcing several thousands of square miles claimed to be under the control of freedom fighters, where according to these declarations, some schools, hospitals, agricultural schemes etc, are claimed to have been set up.

The August announcement this year of the 95,000 square miles of the liberated area in Northern Mozambique and the daily announcements of the mysterious annihilation of the portuguese troops ever witnessed in history of any revolution, was shamelessly exposed, when the portuguese crossed into the Republic of Tanzania with ease and laid mines which trapped our brothers and sisters in Tanzania.

Who is to blame? - First, the Portuguese who so far had no right in any way in accordance with International Laws to cross and attack any country which is not at war with. And the second? ...

One would wonder how the Portuguese managed to cross the wide supposed 95,000 square miles of the claimed liberated area up to Rovuma River? And are the schools, hospitals, agricultural schemes and communities set up still there after this Portuguese walk over in the so-called liberated area?

It is going to be difficult to convince any right thinking revolutionary of the existence of liberated area of 95,000 square miles, when Portuguese forces can go so freely on the so-called liberated areas without being arrested or destroyed.

PORTUGUESE SUFFER MORE DEFEATS IN MANY PARTS OF MOZAMBIQUE

Here we want to inform the World at large and all peace loving countries that the freedom fighters of Mozambique, under the guidance of the Mozambique Revolutionary Committee (COREMO) and its High Command, are continuing to inflict heavy blows to the Portuguese colonial and reactionary troops of Salazar.

The moral of the Portuguese troops is becoming lower and lower every day. In many parts of Mozambique it is not unusual to find that many Portuguese soldiers are deserting the Portuguese army and escape for their freedom to the racist neighbouring countries of South Africa and Rhodesia; And the African soldiers who are serving in the colonial army are also deserting to join our gallant freedom fighters in the mountains and forests of Mozambique.

In addition to this; our guerrillas are becoming more and more confident of themselves day by day more people of all walks of life are joining the people's revolutionary forces in all fronts.

This move by our people is inspired by the confidence they have on the entire leadership of our militant Coremo on their firm stand against Portuguese imperialism and colonialism.

Page 1d

From August to November 1966, 58 portuguese troops have been killed and many wounded, arms and ammunition captured, 16 military vehicles put out of action, 11 bridges destroyed and many roads were made impossible for the portugues troops.

In the District of Tete, Manica e Sofala and Zambezia. During these operations, 5 Coremo freedom fighters were killed and 15 wounded by the Portuguese colonial troops.

In retaliation, the Portuguese soldiers are still continuing with their well known brutal tactics of arresting, torturing, massacring, killing and burning down villages of innocent African people.

In the borders of Zambia and Malawi, the portugues troops are daily engaged in terrorising the masses living along with the aim of getting information which can lead them to places where our forces are. But inspite of all this, the opperssed people of Mozambique are prepared to fight to the last man. For they, are fully convinced that the victory is theirs and history is on the side of the fighting revolutionaries

THE STAND OF THE GOVERNMENT OF CONGO KINSHASA TOWARDS PORTUGAL

The Government of Congo Kinshasa has taken a bold and courageous stand against the portuguese renegades. The severing of diplomatic relation with Portugal by the Government of Congo Kinshasa has dealt a very heavy blow to the ferocious fascist and oppressor of our times. The action has been enthusiastically hailed by the Central Committee of COREMO, the people of Mozambique and all peace loving Nations of the World. The move which the Government of Congo Kinshasa has taken, reflects the fundamental aspiration of the 8½ million mozembicans at home, those residing out side and the liberation movements which are fighting for the liberation of the oppressed people of Mozambique.

Our Organisation and the people of our country have full hope that other African Independent States which still ^{have} ties with this sinful Government of the dictator Salazar, shall fellow the example set by our brothers in the Congo (K) because this action shows a spirit of being in the battle front with the people of

Page 12

.,.... Mozambique, Angola and the so-called Portuguese Guinea. The isolation of the barbaric regime of Salazar by the African Independent States, is a total war in all fields. We strongly appeal to all the big imperialist power to which Portugal is a parasite to stop their support to this devilish regime of Salazar forthwith

The present Government of the Congo (K), unlike the former Government of Tshombe which Salazar in collusion with other imperialist powers who are blood thirsty have seen the danger which this deadly infectitious spy embassy was bringing to the freedom movements, the people and Government of the Congo (K).

Portugal is known by her criminal acts of killing and spying against African States through FIDE which takes part in all her foreign missions directly. This body has exterminated thousands of innocent people for no offence, save asking for their God given land in their respective countries.

Portugal spends huge sums of money to maintain this man's Slaughter department. This money is used for nothing apart from tracing the nationalists and supporters of the liberation movements in all the portuguese colonies.

The fact that Portugal is training a big number of mercenaries of the international traitors Moises TSHOMBE is an undeniable fact that Portugal is one of the greatest enemies of the African people and it should be from this fact that the Independent African States, should base their opposition with Portugal.